## **Kite Vocabulary**

- 1. axial symmetry: a kite must be exactly the same on the left side of the spine as it is on the right.
- 2. bow knot: a knot used to attach the flying line to the bridle ring
- 3. bridle line: a line attached to each side of the kite and also attached to a bridle ring
- 4. bridle ring: attached to the bridle line it is where the flying line is attached
- 5. flying line: this line is attached to the bridle ring and allows control of the kite to give it the best angle to the wind (pitch)
- 6. lark's head knot: a knot used to attach the bridle line to the bridle ring
- 7. spine: the center line on the kite
- 8. tail: Kites that are wider than they are long tend to roll and yaw more than a narrow kite. A tail provides stability.
- 9. winder: the flying line is wrapped around the winder. Winders can be made from heavy corragated cardboard, plastic tubes, or even sticks of wood.

## Lark's Head



